- STACK = System for Teaching and Assessment using a Computer algebra Kernel. <u>http://stack.bham.ac.uk/moodle/question/type/stack/doc/doc.php/CAS/</u> <u>https://github.com/maths/moodle-qtype_stack/blob/master/doc/en/index.md</u>
- MyCourses is a Moodle-based virtual learning environment used at Aalto University. <u>http://mycourses.aalto.fi/</u> <u>https://wiki.aalto.fi/display/OPIT/MyCourses+Instructions+for+Teachers</u>
- **STACK** is implemented in **MyCourses** and is best used to generate homework assignments in which mathematics plays a role. The formulation of the assignments relies on elementary *LaTex* skills when it comes to writing equations, and on *Maxima* when mathematical operations are carried out.
- For example, **STACK** may be used as follows:
 - 1. Generate a homework assignment with random numerical variables, say, *a*, *b* and *c* for a large number of students (for example, Solve for the value of *x*: $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$)
 - 2. Students carry out the relevant calculations and input their answers into MyCourses/STACK
 - 3. The results are assessed and graded automatically by STACK within MyCourses. Roughly speaking, STACK carries out the same calculations as the students to assess their answers.
- STACK provides plenty of options for formulating different types of tasks. The purpose of this guide is to facilitate the use of STACK by providing a simple example dealing with STACK's key elements. In other words, this is a hands-on guide meant to provide food for thought and action.
- In writing this piece, I have benefited from various guides and manuals for STACK and Maxima. Thanks.

Recommended actions after going through the example below:

Download and install Maxima (for free!) on your computer: http://maxima.sourceforge.net/

This is a fast way to learn by trial and error how to use Maxima. STACK uses Maxima but MyCourses is not the best environment for learning it.

Create an account at: https://www.sharelatex.com/

There is an easy-to-use LaTex equation editor for STACK in MyCourses. However, if you want to go a step further, Sharelatex is an easy way to start using *LaTex* to a larger extent. For example, ask from a colleague something written using LaTex and upload the necessary source files as a zip to Sharelatex to get started.

Maxima operations require a bit more effort than LaTex equations when using STACK. If you are familiar with Mathematica, Maple or Matlab, then Maxima is also a cakewalk.

EXAMPLE – Solve for the value of x: $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$

Finding the tools in MyCourses

<u>http://mycourses.aalto.fi/</u> \rightarrow <u>Log in</u> \rightarrow <u>My own courses</u> \rightarrow Select a course. If you don't have one, you may request a "Sandbox" course for yourself (only for teachers): <u>Link to form</u> \rightarrow On the course page, go to <u>Course</u> <u>Administration</u> \rightarrow <u>Question Bank (Questions)</u> \rightarrow <u>Create a new question</u> \rightarrow Scroll down, <u>STACK</u> \rightarrow <u>Add</u>

Building the assignment

- We are in the Author's Statics and Dynamics sandbox.
- Enter Question name.
- Question variables field below contains the math relevant for the quadratic equation assignment at hand.
- Next fields are Question text & Specific feedback & General feedback (includes model solution).
- The above-mentioned fields have content that will be handled in **Inputs**, **Response trees** and **Options**.

•	General		
	Current category		
	Default for Statiikka ja Dynamiikka (Sandbox) (2) 🗷	Use	this categor
	Save in category		
	Default for Statiikka ja Dynamiikka (Sandbox) (2)	•	
	Question name*		
	Mathematical question		

• All the above **phases** relate to the formulation of the " $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ " problem. After those, the problem is **Previewed** and, finally, **Activated** in MyCourses for the students.

/*This is a comment line*/ /*Random variables a, b, c for the task at hand*/	/**/ signifies a
/*The random variables are activated later in the Question text field*/	comment line
/*a is a random integer; rand(n) generates an integer between 0 and n− a:rand(6);	1.* There are different ways to form random variables
/*b is a random integer but not same as a*/ b:rand_with_prohib(1,5,[a]);	Google "stack random objects"
/*For c the value is one of those in the defined group. We could also incl c:rand([-1, -2, -3]);	ude e.g. %pi*/
/*We define a polynomial and its solution that will be used in our task*/ p:a*x^2+b*x+c;	The quadratic equation and its solution "xs"
xs:solve(p=0,x)	and its solution as
/*The VALUES of the solved roots are saved in x1 and x2.*/ x1exactev(x,xs[1]); x2exactev(x,xs[2]);	The exact values are saved
/*We truncate the exact answer so that the the input by student should o	ontain 3 significant figures, e.g. 2.67 or 0.345*/
x1:significantfigures(x1exact,3) x2:significantfigures(x2exact,3)	What students have to answer
The following refers to how many significant figures the model solution	will show. "~4f" means 3 figures ("n-1")/
stackfitfmt:"~4f";	This refers to the model solution
/*We define a range for a figure in the Question text*/	Question text will include a
min:round(min(x1,x2))-1 max:round(max(x1,x2))+1	figure using these values
	U U

B A _A → B			
	e.g. we can write \(equa		Simplest LaTex equation environments: \[eq.\] \(eq.\)
{@plot(p,[x,min,m /*Answer fields:*/	Plot give	s from the figure below	Polynomial <i>p</i> was defined in the question variables and is activated here by using {@p@
\(x=\)[[input:ans1]] or	[[validation:ans1]]	Input and va	alidation for each answer
\(x=\)[[input:ans2]]	[[validation:ans2]]	-	its are defined later
3 La	tal max score ter ans1 can b	oe set more valua	ble than ans2
3 La	ter ans1 can b		ble than ans2
3 La pecific feedback ?	ter ans1 can b	8 8	ble than ans2
3 La pecific feedback ?	Ar IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	e trees below*/ t2 refer to "potenti s of answers ans1 at	al response trees". nd ans2, feedback on them and
3 La pecific feedback ⑦ A T B I *The standard feedback i [feedback:prt1]]	Ar IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII		al response trees". nd ans2, feedback on them and
3 pecific feedback ⑦ Pecific feedback ⑦ The standard feedback i [feedback:prt1]] [feedback:prt2]] enalty* ⑦ D.1	Are EEEE s defined in the Response prt1 and pr Correctness further action Penalty for a	Image: Selection of the se	al response trees". nd ans2, feedback on them and
3 La pecific feedback ⑦ Pecific feedback:prt2] Penalty* ⑦	Are EEEE s defined in the Response prt1 and pr Correctness further action Penalty for a	Image: Selow*/ t2 refer to "potenti s of answers ans1 ar ons will be handled wrong answer. Nue wrong answer. Nue ed in Options.	al response trees". nd ans2, feedback on them and I in the trees.
3 pecific feedback ⑦ Pecific feedback ⑦ The standard feedback i [feedback:prt1]] [feedback:prt2]] enalty* ⑦ D.1	Ar E E E s defined in the Response prt1 and pr Correctness further action Penalty for a will be define	Image: Selow*/ t2 refer to "potenti s of answers ans1 ar ons will be handled wrong answer. Nue wrong answer. Nue ed in Options.	al response trees". nd ans2, feedback on them and I in the trees.
3 La pecific feedback ⑦ Image: Astronomy of the standard feedback in the standard	Are EEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEE	Image: Constraint of the second se	al response trees". nd ans2, feedback on them and I in the trees.
3 a a a b a a a a b a a a b a a a a a a b a a b a a b a a b a b a b a b a b b a b <td>Are it is it</td> <td>Image: Constraint of the second se</td> <td>al response trees". nd ans2, feedback on them and 1 in the trees. umber of attempts and tips ty of 0.1 means 10% of the maximum point</td>	Are it is it	Image: Constraint of the second se	al response trees". nd ans2, feedback on them and 1 in the trees. umber of attempts and tips ty of 0.1 means 10% of the maximum point
3 3 a	Are EEEE s defined in the Response prt1 and pr Correctness further action Penalty for a will be define Are EEEE	Image: Construction of the second	al response trees". nd ans2, feedback on them and 1 in the trees. umber of attempts and tips ty of 0.1 means 10% of the maximum point

After defining the math, we compose the Question, and then the model solution in the Feedback part.

Input options, Response trees and other Options will be handled next. •

\({@x1@}\)

\({@x2@}\)

Next the correct student input and the related options are defined.

► Input: ans1		Torrect dama and	1.1	I. C I I		
▶ Input: ans2		input type, moo	del answers etc. are c	ienned nere		
 Potential response 	Potential response tree: prt1		Answers are checked in the response trees. Each answer/input can have its own tree or one tree ca			
 Potential response 	onse tree: prt2		odes to handle a nur			
 Options 		Additional feed	back and hints			
✓ Input: ans1						
Input type ⑦ Algebraic input *		e different types of ic'' works for num	inputs. Roughly speaki bers	ng,		
Model answer ⑦ ×1	Correct i	nput for ans1 is x1	(see question variables	s field)		
Input box size ⑦	Width of	the html formfield	L.			
Strict syntax ⑦ No 🔻	"Does the	input have to be c	lone using strict Maxim	a syntax?"		
Insert stars ⑦						
Don't insert stars		• See the	(?) sign. Relates to mu	itiplication.		
Syntax hint ⑦		Hint co	uld be " <i>x</i> =?"			
Forbidden words ③	S	tudent's answer. F	which are forbidden in or example, Maxima y, factor, expand,	a		
Allowed words ⑦	Allowed words ⑦		By default, arbitrary function or variable names of more than two characters in length are not permitted. Allowed words override strings which are invalid by default.			
Forbid float ⑦			leny e.g. 0.333 instead o			
Require lowest terms ⑦ Ch	eck the type of the respo	nse ⑦ Student must veri	y ⑦ Show the validation ⑦	Extra options 🕐		
No •	10 •	Yes 🔻	Yes, with variable list			
if Yes Fractions have to be given in lowest terms e.g. 3/9 (incorrect) 1/3 (correct)	If yes, answers which are of a different "type" than the chosen"Algebraic" (e.g. expression, equation, matrix, list, set) are rejected as invalid.	Specifies whether student's input is presented back to them as a forced step process befo this input is made available to the scoring mechanis	validation feedback from this input, two including echoing re back their expression in traditional two	Don't worry, see (?)		

In summary, there are a lot of options, but many of them are not needed in basic assignments. Short explanations can always be found under (?) which includes a link to more info (i). Input 2 is similar to Input 1. Next we have Potential response tree: prt1 that assesses the answer 1.

Question value	Max points were 3. If question value is 1 for both trees, prt1 and prt2 each answer (ans1 and ans2) gives 1.5 points. Increasing the question value of prt1 increases the portion of ans1 from max points.			
Auto-simplify ⑦ Yes 🔻	Feedback variables can be used to prepare student answers for the response tree. For example, an answer can be modified so that it takes the value 1 or 0. Then in the tree "1" is correct and "0" not so.			
Feedback variable	es ??			

building a response tree with two nodes (one for each answer), we build separate trees for ans1 and ans2. This is convenient. In addition, if one node is left unanswered in a tree, the tree is not handled at all, which can be problematic.

Node 1 🕐	Answer test:	algebraically	equivalent.	There are	different op	tions also.

Answer test	AlgEquiv	• SAr	ans1	TAns x1		Test options		Quiet
No 🔻		St	udent answer	Teacher	answer			ਪ
Node 1 whe	n true ⑦ The	score m	nust be a nume	ric value be	tween 0 ar	d 1. Kee	n 1	Feedback hown to
Mod = 💌	Score 1	Penalty	Next [stop]	Answer note	prt1-1-T			tudents
Node 1 true	feedback 🕐						C	or not
	• B I							
First root is o	correct	Specifi	c feedback on	ans1				\$
Node 1 whe	n false 🕐							
Mod = 🔻	Score 0	Penalty	Next [stop]	Answer note	prt1-1-F			
Node 1 false	e feedback 🕐							
	• B I	A -						
First root is i	ncorrect	Specifi	c feedback on	ans1				\$



Potential response tree: prt2

-

The following "Options" constitute our final section in formulating the problem.

	- Options
	Question-level simplify 🕜
	Yes • Keep
	Assume positive ⑦
	No • Keep
	Standard feedback for correctFeedback for the task. Specific prt1 and prt2feedback will appear below these
	Correct answer, well done. In more detail,
	Standard feedback for partially correct
	Your answer is partially correct. In more detail,
	Standard feedback for incorrect
	Completely incorrect answer. In more detail,
Multiplication	n sign ⑦ Surd for square root ⑦ Meaning and display of sqrt(-1) ⑦ Inverse trigonometric functions ⑦ Default shape of matrix parentheses Yes v i v Cos ⁻¹ (x) v ⑦ Math related, [v controls mainly display
	Hint 1
	There is a well-known solution for the quadratic equation at hand. A hint is shown after an incorrect answer (ans1 or ans2 or both).
	Hint 2
	Use the force The more hints there are, the more attempts the student has. Penalty was defined as 0.1 for each wrong answer.
	Hint 3
	Last change
	Add another hint

Finally, click SAVE CHANGES button. <u>Remember</u> to save also during the assignment formulation.

If there are **errors** in the formulated assignment, STACK will keep you in the Editing section and show which fields include mistakes. For example, a complaint on *HTML formatted text* in a field is a common one eventhough there does not seem to be any HTML... In such a case just copy/pasting the content of the field into a notepad file and back to the field often works.

Preview

If everything is ok, you return to the Question bank, where the Assignment can be previewed:

Question bank			
Select a category:			
Default for Statiikka ja Dynamiik	ka (Sandbox) (2)	¥	
The default category for question	ns shared in contex	t 'Statiikka ja Dynamiikka	a (Sandbox)'.
Show question text in the que	estion list		
Search options 🕨			
Create a new question		Duplicate	e
□ T ▲	Question	Edit	PREVIEW
Mathematical question		\$	n Q X
/*This box uses Latex, e.g. we ca	an write		Remove

Click PREVIEW and scroll down to the Attempt Options of the Preview:

Attempt options	
How questions behave (*) Interactive with multiple tries Marked out of 3 Max points can	 This "question behavior" works for us because we have tips and want to give multiple tries to the students. be changed here
Question variant 26 • Start again with these options	Random variables create plenty of question variants. The system has chosen "26" automatically.
Display options	The following options are self-explanatory.
Marks Show mark and max Decimal places in grades 1 Specific feedback	
General feedback	
Right answer Shown •	
Response history Shown Cupdate display options	R TO UPDATE!

Finally, the actual preview:

Marked out of 3.0 Incomplete answer

Solve

 $2\cdot x^2 + 4\cdot x - 3 = 0.$

You can estimate the location of the roots from the figure below



Use THREE significant figures in your input, for example, 2.69 or 0.234.



Your last answer was interpreted as follows:

-2.58



Your last answer was interpreted as follows:

0.58

Please verify that what you entered was interpreted as expected.



Press Check

Your answer is partially correct. In more detail,

First root is correct

Second root is incorrect

There is a well-known solution for the quadratic equation at hand.

Try again

Try again and input the correct answer 0.581 (THREE significant numbers)

Tidy question | Question tests & deployed versions Try these options

Correct answer, well done. In more detail,				
First root is correct				
Second root is correct				
Solution:				
We solve the roots using	Model solution appears after			
$x=rac{-b\pm\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2a}$	both roots are	correct		
and obtain				
-2.58				
.581				
		If floats are forbidden and the answer was,		
A correct answer is -2.58 , which can be	be typed in as follows: -2.58	say, square root of two, then the input		
A correct answer is $.581$, which can be	typed in as follows: 0.581	would be typed in as sqrt(2)		

The last line is relevant: 2.9/3.0 points due to penalty. Response history (The grade was defined to have one decimal place, thus, 2.85~2.9)

	⁷ (The grade was defined to have one decimal place, thus, 2.85~2.9)				
Step	Time	Action	State Marks		
1	25/11/16, 10:26	Started	Tries remaining: 4		
2	25/11/16, 10:27	Saved: ans1: -2.58 [score]; ans2: 0.581 [score]	Tries remaining: 4		
3	25/11/16, 10:30	Submit: ans1: -2.58 [score]; ans2: 0.58 [valid]	Incomplete answer		
4	25/11/16, 10:33	Submit: ans1: -2.58 [score]; ans2: 0.58 [score]	Tries remaining: 3		
5	25/11/16, 10:34	Try again	Tries remaining: 3		
6	25/11/16, 10:34	Submit: ans1: -2.58 [score]; ans2: 0.581 [valid]	Incomplete answer		

Our assignment formulation is complete. Next the assignment is activated/deployed in MyCourses:

2.9

25/11/16, 10:34 Submit: ans1: -2.58 [score]; ans2: 0.581 [score] Correct

- 1. Go to Assignments on the course page
- 2. Click "Turn editing on" on the right
- 3. Then click "Add an activity or resource" in the middle
- 4. Choose Quiz and Add

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- 5. We are now in the general settings
- 6. Give a name for the assignment ("Mathematical question")
- 7. Provide a brief description of the assignment ("Find the roots of the quadratic equation").
- 8. The settings for the assignment follow. The actual assignment that was built will be chosen last.

	Display description on course	e page						
		The	given description will be shown					
•	Timing	Set	the timing.					
	Open the quiz ⑦ 13 • December •	2016 🔻	09 🔻 50 🔻 🎬 🗹 Enable					
	Close the quiz	2016 🔻	09 ▼ 50 ▼ ∰ € Enable					
	Time limit ⑦ 0 minutes ▼	Enable						
	When time expires ⑦							
	Attempts must be submitted before time expires, or they are not counted							
		Enable	There are several options in the drop down menu. A grace period can be given for open					
•	Grade		attempts.					
	ade category ③ Uncategorised v		The gradebook can be found and managed on the course page under Course Administration.					
	Grade to pass ⑦ 0.00		Students' points are saved in the gradebook automatically.					
	Attempts allowed		Every attempt may have multiple tries depending on the number of hints.					
	Highest grade •		Better attempt is graded.					
•	Layout	in a wee	there are multiple tasks, for example, eekly exercise set, each will appear on page with the chosen option.					
	New page ⑦ Every question	•	Repaginate now					
	Navigation method* ⑦							
	Free V		ion between the tasks is either Sequential					

Question behaviour

Shuffle within questions ⑦

How questions behave ③

Interactive with multiple tries

No 🔻

Tasks or question parts are provided in a random order or not.

Important for the current task. Enables the use of hints.

Show more ...

Review options ③

s ⑦ Default options

During the attempt		Immediately after the attempt		Later, while the quiz is still open		After the quiz is closed	
d.	The attempt		The attempt	1	The attempt		The attempt
	Whether correct ③		Whether correct		Whether correct		Whether correct
	Marks 🕐	•	Marks	1	Marks	1	Marks
	Specific feedback 🕐		Specific feedback	1	Specific feedback	1	Specific feedback
	General feedback 🕐		General feedback		General feedback		General feedback
	Right answer 🕐		Right answer	1	Right answer		Right answer
	Overall feedback 🕐		Overall feedback	1	Overall feedback		Overall feedback

Appearance

Extra options

	Show the user's picture 🕐
	No image •
	Decimal places in grades ③
	2 •
-	Extra restrictions on attempts
•	Overall feedback 💿
	Grade boundary
	100%
	Feedback Grade-dependent feedback may be given
	Image: Area in the image: Area in
	Image: Area in the image: Area in
*	Image: Arrow B I Arrow E Image: Arrow B Grade boundary 0%

Finally, click Save and display and then click Edit Quiz to Add question (Click).

Editing quiz: Mathematical question ®



Choose Maximum grade and Save. Go back to Assignments and click the assignment at hand to obtain:

Mathematical question							
Find the roots of the quadratic equation.							
Attempts allowed: 2							
This quiz opened at Tuesday, 13 December 2016, 9:50 AM							
This quiz will close at Saturday, 31 December 2016, 9:50 AM							
Grading method: Highest grade							
Preview quiz now							

The preview would be similar to that above. Students go straight to the problem (no preview).

Concluding remarks

- It is possible to add figures to the assignments through the Question and Feedback fields. These fields also include other useful options.
- If you choose to use STACK on a course, you may want test it at the beginning of your course with some "pre-assignment", for example, the quadratic equation. This provides a hands-on tutorial for the students on the use of STACK on their part, and helps you to check that the grading and gradebook work the way you want them to.
- Suggested homework: Make sure in the Question variables that x1 and x2 correspond to the smaller and higher value, respectively, and modify the question text accordingly.
- The Question bank in MyCourses has import/export capabilities. Sharing is caring: <u>https://abacus.aalto.fi/</u>